

## **Sailing Return-to-Sport Strategy**

Developed with Sail Canada

Stage	Aim	Activity	Goal of each step
1	Symptom- limiting activity	Daily activities that do not provoke symptoms	Gradual re-introduction of work/school activities
2	Light aerobic activity	Activities such as walking or stationary cycling.  The athlete should be supervised by someone who can help monitor for symptoms and signs.  No resistance training or weight lifting.  The duration and intensity of the aerobic exercise can be gradually increased over time if no symptoms or signs return during the exercise or the next day.	Increase heart rate
3	Sport-specific exercise	Activities such as tuning, trim work, and training in light to marginal conditions can begin at this step.  There should be no capsizing, wire-to-wire tacking, or other jarring motions such as high-speed stops, kinetics or contact/collisions with other boats.  No head impact activities.	Add movement
4	Full intensity practice	Activities such as boat handling and training in moderate conditions can begin at this stage.  Boat handling should be trained at a reduced intensity and should not involve drills with any risk of contact with the boom, of jarring capsizes, or of contact with other boats.  May start progressive resistance training.	Exercise, coordination and increased thinking
5	Return to sport	Following medical clearance.  In the context of sailing, this would mean training in all aspects including boat handling, capsizing conditions, and in all conditions as well as in close proximity to other boats.  Sailors may return to both training & competition at this stage.	Full engagement in training & competition

Adapted from: McCrory et al. (2017). Consensus statement on concussion in sport – the 5<sup>th</sup> international conference on concussion in sport held in Berlin, October 2016. *British Journal of Sports Medicine*, *51*(11), 838-847.